

Syllabus

Course Description

Course Title	New frontiers in financial intermediation and banking (FIN III)
Course Code	25457
Course Title Additional	
Scientific-Disciplinary Sector	SECS-P/11
Language	English
Degree Course	Master in Accounting and Finance
Other Degree Courses (Loaned)	
Lecturers	dr. Sara Longo, Sara.Longo@unibz.it https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/economics- management/academic-staff/person/41344 Prof. Per Linus Siming, PerLinus.Siming@unibz.it https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/economics- management/academic-staff/person/40068
Teaching Assistant	
Semester	First semester
Course Year/s	2
CP	6
Teaching Hours	36
Lab Hours	-
Individual Study Hours	-
Planned Office Hours	18
Contents Summary	 The course introduces new financial intermediation models and is divided into two parts. The first part focuses on strategies and risk management practices of new financial intermediary models with particular focus on FinTech, open banking, shadow banking and sustainable banking. The second part introduces principles of accounting and



	regulation of banks. It starts by identifying the peculiarities and risks of banks' business models that affect the structure and the content of their financial statements. Following the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), it covers financial instruments, classification and measurement. Finally, it outlines the regulatory and supervisory landscape in the European Union and highlights the interaction between bank accounting and regulation.
Course Topics	The course is split into two parts.
	Part 1: Strategy and Risk Management Practices of new intermediary models - New Financial Intermediation and Emerging Risk Management - Financial intermediation and Technology: from traditional business model to digital banking, FinTech, Open Banking - Shadow banking - Sustainable banking Part 2: Accounting practices in the new era of banking: - Starting from financial statements - Intangible assets and customer value - Financial instruments: recognition and measurement - Regulation, supervision, enforcement: the interplay between
	accounting and prudential regulations.
Keywords	Banking business models, strategy and risk management practices, accounting practices
Recommended Prerequisites	
Propaedeutic Courses	
Teaching Format	Background lectures which include both academic material and real-world examples. Presentations and interactive discussions are the main teaching methods used in this course. Students are expected to participate actively in class.
Mandatory Attendance	Strongly recommended
Specific Educational Objectives and Learning Outcomes	Knowledge and understanding: Master's degree graduates should be able to acquire an advanced level of preparation that allows for an articulate and integrated view of the finance issues of companies, financial intermediaries, financial institutions and markets. These learning outcomes are achieved through an advanced knowledge and understanding

- of the economic-financial planning and evaluation of new investments;
- of the characteristics associated with extraordinary moments in corporate management, such as capital transactions, recourse to financial markets, mergers and acquisitions, corporate crisis and reorganisation;
- the problems and techniques of the organisation and financial management of companies and financial intermediaries;
- the fundamentals of corporate finance for the correct application of, for example, decision-making models and financial data and risk management to treasury management;
- the management and economic models of the different types of intermediaries, market microstructure, the operational efficiency of financial markets and the impact of financial markets on the economic conditions of intermediaries;
- a wide range of investment, financing and risk management instruments, starting with the fundamentals of portfolio diversification and classical asset pricing and risk measurement models;
- of the specific finance issues that characterise the profession of Financial Analyst, Portfolio Manager, Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Chief Administrative Officer, Controller, Internal Auditor and business consultant."

"Master's graduates should be able to acquire an advanced level of preparation that allows for an articulated and integrated view of business management issues and of economic-quantitative, financial and legal disciplines. These learning outcomes are achieved through an advanced knowledge and understanding

- of the economic-business models and tools for the management of companies, whether family or small or of international dimension;
- of the design and management of institutional and organisational structures inherent to corporate governance systems;
- of business tools and processes developed to recognise, understand and guide change and manage the impact of a transition on the organisation;
- of efficient communication strategies within the organisation and towards the various stakeholders.
- Management issues that characterise the profession of financial analyst, portfolio manager, risk manager and consultant."

Applying knowledge and understanding:

Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Finance to be able to carry out analysis of complex problems in a national and international interdisciplinary context

Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Finance for the design and implementation of corporate restructuring and other extraordinary transactions

Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Finance for the identification, evaluation and management of investments in financial markets

Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Finance for the design of coherent financial management strategies in companies or financial intermediaries, competently applying acquired knowledge in risk management techniques, asset valuation, handling of derivatives Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Management for the critical analysis and formulation of solutions to complex problems in interdisciplinary national and international contexts in small or large organisations

Ability to apply knowledge in the area of management to integrate the results of economic and financial communication and quantitative data analysis into business decision-making models Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Management to frame and evaluate organisational situations and problems in a multidisciplinary perspective, integrating business, economic, legal, financial and statistical-mathematical disciplines Ability to apply knowledge in the area of Management to be able to dialogue and interact with the managers of the various company

functional areas, with financial markets and with corporate and tax law professionals

Making judgements:

Ability to apply the knowledge acquired to make managerial and operational decisions and to solve problems in the administration and finance of companies, intermediaries and financial markets, jointly taking into consideration multiple perspectives of analysis, from the economic to the legal, financial, strategic and managerial ones.

Ability to select data and use appropriate information to describe a problem concerning the management of companies, intermediaries



	and financial markets. Ability to relate models and empirical evidence in the study of companies, intermediaries and financial markets.
	Communication skills: Ability to communicate effectively in oral and written form the specialised contents of the individual disciplines, using different registers according to the recipients and the communicative and didactic purposes, and to evaluate the formative effects of its communication
	Learning skills: "a) ability to use information technology autonomously to carry out bibliographical research and investigations and for one's own training and updating b) ability to identify thematic links and establish relationships between different cases and contexts of analysis c) ability to frame a new problem systematically and to generate appropriate taxonomies d) ability to develop general models from the phenomena studied.
Specific Educational Objectives and Learning Outcomes (additional info.)	a) ability to develop general models from the phenomena studied.
Assessment	The course grade is based on written (final and or/mid-term) exams.
Evaluation Criteria	The final exam is based 50% on Part 1 and 50% on Part 2. Students have the possibility to sit a voluntary mid-term exam that can account for Part 1 of the final exam. All marks will be awarded based on the correctness of calculations and/or how well the argumentation links to the course concepts.
Required Readings	Saunders A., Cornett M., Erhemjamts, O. (2023) Financial Institutions Management: A Risk Management Approach, 11th Edition, Mc Graw Hill.
	Giannetti, M., Jasova, M., Loumioti, M. & Mendicino, C. (2024), Glossy Green' Banks: The Disconnect Between Environmental Disclosures and Lending Activities. European Corporate Governance Institute Finance Working Paper No. 919/2023.

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	Bischof, J., Laux, C., & Leuz, C. (2021). Accounting for financial stability: Bank disclosure and loss recognition in the financial crisis. <i>Journal of Financial Economics</i> , <i>141</i> (3), 1188-1217.
	Gallemore, J. (2023). Bank financial reporting opacity and regulatory intervention. <i>Review of Accounting Studies</i> , <i>28</i> (3), 1765-1810.
	Articles, business cases, and other readings are provided in class.
Supplementary Readings	Teaching slides, scientific papers and any other material are distributed in class or downloaded from OLE.
Further Information	
Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Reduced inequalities