

# **Syllabus**

## Kursbeschreibung

Titel der Lehrveranstaltung	Algorithms and Data Management for Artificial Intelligence
Code der Lehrveranstaltung	73079
Zusätzlicher Titel der Lehrveranstaltung	
Wissenschaftlich- disziplinärer Bereich	INF/01
Sprache	Englisch
Studiengang	Master in Computing for Data Science
Andere Studiengänge (gem. Lehrveranstaltung)	
Dozenten/Dozentinnen	Prof. Alessandro Artale, Alessandro.Artale@unibz.it https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/engineering/academic- staff/person/3026 Prof. Dr. Anton Dignös, Anton.Dignoes@unibz.it https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/engineering/academic- staff/person/20695
Wissensch. Mitarbeiter/Mitarbeiterin	
Semester	Erstes Semester
Studienjahr/e	1
KP	12
Vorlesungsstunden	80
Laboratoriumsstunden	40
Stunden für individuelles Studium	180
Vorgesehene Sprechzeiten	
Inhaltsangabe	<ul> <li>Relational model, database design and SQL</li> <li>Business intelligence, from data to information</li> <li>Data integration, multidimensional model, OLAP</li> </ul>

- Data Warehousing and ETL
- NoSQL database systems
- MapReduce and Apache Spark
- Introduction to Algorithm complexity and basic Graph notions
- Algorithms on Graphs
- Net-Flow Algorithms
- Algorithms for numerical optimization: Linear Programming
- Fundamentals of computational complexity
- Heuristic and approximation strategies for solving hard problems

#### Themen der Lehrveranstaltung

The course aims to:

Teach students both scientific foundations and practical aspects of business intelligence and data warehousing, and advanced data management technologies that go beyond traditional (relational) database management systems. The students will learn the basic concepts of such systems and how to use them to solve concrete problems. Moreover, students will be trained to evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of such technologies in different application contexts.

Provide students with the fundamental skills needed to develop algorithms using data structures, analyze their correctness and efficiency, and to understand the computational techniques used when looking for an optimal solution. The students will be able to:

- design programs that use computer resources efficiently;
- being aware of optimization techniques;
- realize that there are problems that are computationally impractical or even impossible to solve by a computer;
- look for approximate solutions in case the problem is hard computationally.

Students will learn how to devise efficient algorithms for different kinds of problems. Students will be trained to apply different algorithmic strategies when problems to solve can be encoded by means of Graphs. When a problem asks for an optimal solution, the student will be able to use Net-Flow or Linear Programming techniques to solve them.

Concerning the notions of computability and complexity, the

	students will acquire a formal tool to recognize when a problem is inherently complex, independently of any algorithm developed to solve the problem. Since many natural problems in computer science are hard, the development of methods to deal with intractable problems has become a crucial issue in the study of algorithms. Thus, the course presents various solutions to tackle inherently complex problems by either designing an exact algorithm or try to approximate the problem itself.
Stichwörter	Business Intelligence and Data Warehousing, Big Data Technologies, Algorithms and Complexity, Graph Algorithms, Optimization Techniques
Empfohlene Voraussetzungen	
Propädeutische Lehrveranstaltungen	
Unterrichtsform	Frontal lectures, project work / exercises during the lab.
Anwesenheitspflicht	Attendance is not compulsory but recommended. Non-attending students must contact the lecturer at the start of the course to agree on the modalities of the independent study. Exam modalities for non-attending students are the same as for attending students.
Spezifische Bildungsziele und erwartete Lernergebnisse	The course belongs to the type "caratterizzanti – discipline informatiche".  The course aims to:
	teach students both scientific foundations and practical aspects of business intelligence and data warehousing, and advanced data management technologies that go beyond traditional (relational) database management systems; provide students with the fundamental skills needed to develop algorithms using data structures, analyze their correctness and efficiency, and to understand the computational techniques used when looking for an optimal solution.
	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding:</li> <li>D1.1 - Knowledge of the key concepts and technologies of data science disciplines</li> <li>D1.2 - Understanding of the skills, tools and techniques required for an effective use of data science</li> </ul>



	D1.4 - Sound basic knowledge of storing, querying and
	managing large amounts of data and the associated languages,
	tools and systems
	D1.11 - Knowledge of the main algorithms for data analysis,
	and of elements of the complexity theory
	Applying knowledge and understanding:
	D2.1 - Practical application and evaluation of tools and
	techniques in the field of data science
	D2.2 - Ability to address and solve a problem using scientific
	methods
	D2.4 - Ability to develop programmes and use tools for the
	analysis and management of data and related infrastructures
	Making judgments
	D3.2 - Ability to autonomously select the documentation (in the
	form of books, web, magazines, etc.) needed to keep up to date in
	a given sector.
	Communication skills
	D4.1 - Ability to use English at an advanced level with
	particular reference to disciplinary terminology.
	D4.3 - Ability to structure and draft scientific and technical
	documentation
	Learning skills
	D5.1 - Ability to autonomously extend the knowledge acquired
	during the study course.
	D5.3 - Ability to deal with problems in a systematic and
	creative way and to appropriate problem solving techniques
Spezifisches Bildungsziel	
und erwartete	
Lernergebnisse (zusätzliche	
Informationen)	
Art der Prüfung	Written exams and Project Work.
	The assessment of the Data Management and Business
	Intelligence module consists of two parts:
	- a single written exam at the end that covers the entire module
	material (60% of the mark);
	- a project which is done during the semester and requires
	students to solve a concrete problem by using methods and
	technologies taught in the course (40% of the mark).

In the written exam there will be verification questions, transfer of knowledge questions and exercises. The learning outcome related to knowledge and understanding, applying knowledge and understanding and those related to the student ability to learn, and the acquired learning skills will be assessed by the written exam.  The exam modalities for non-attending students are the same as for attending students.
knowledge questions and exercises. The learning outcome related to knowledge and understanding, applying knowledge and understanding and those related to the student ability to learn, and
The assessment of the Algorithms for Artificial Intelligence module consists in a written exam.
Both parts (the written exam and the project) must be positive to pass the module.
A positive project mark is a pre-requisite to be admitted to the written exam; there are no other pre-requisites.
The project verifies whether the student is able to apply advanced data management techniques to solve concrete problems. The project is assessed through a final presentation, demo and project report.
The written exam is a multiple-choice test and verifies knowledge and understanding of the advanced data management methods and techniques learned during the module.

	There is no single textbook that covers the entire course. The course material is collected from various textbooks and research papers including the following ones (available as print and/or online versions through the unibz library):
	M. Golfarelli and S. Rizzi. Data Warehouse Design: Modern Principles and Methodologies. McGraw-Hill, 2009.
	R. Kimball and M. Ross. The Data Warehouse Toolkit: The Definitive Guide to Dimensional Modeling. 3rd Edition, O'Reilly, 2013.
	T. White. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide. 4th Edition, O'Reilly, 2015.
	H. Karau et al. Learning Spark. O'Reilly, 2015.
	M2 – Algorithms for Artificial Intelligence
	Algorithm Design. Jon Kleinberg and Éva Tardos. Pearson, 2005.
	Linear Programming and Network Flow. Mokhtar S. Bazaraa, John J. Jarvis and HanifD.Sherali. Wiley
	Subject Librarian: David Gebhardi, <u>David.Gebhardi@unibz.it</u>
Weiterführende Literatur	<ul> <li>Lecture Notes</li> <li>Additional sources will be announced during the course</li> </ul>
Weitere Informationen	Software used: PgAdmin4, PostgreSQL, Hadoop MapReduce framework, Spark.
Ziele für nachhaltige Entwicklung (SDGs)	Hochwertige Bildung



### Kursmodul

Titel des Bestandteils der Lehrveranstaltung	Data Management and Business Intelligence
Code der Lehrveranstaltung	73079A
Wissenschaftlich- disziplinärer Bereich	INF/01
Sprache	Englisch
Dozenten/Dozentinnen	Prof. Dr. Anton Dignös, Anton.Dignoes@unibz.it https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/engineering/academic-staff/person/20695
Wissensch. Mitarbeiter/Mitarbeiterin	
Semester	Erstes Semester
KP	6
Verantwortliche/r Dozent/in	
Vorlesungsstunden	40
Laboratoriumsstunden	20
Stunden für individuelles Studium	90
Vorgesehene Sprechzeiten	
Inhaltsangabe	<ul> <li>Relational model, database design and SQL</li> <li>Business intelligence, from data to information</li> <li>Data integration, multidimensional model, OLAP</li> <li>Data Warehousing and ETL</li> <li>NoSQL database systems</li> <li>MapReduce and Apache Spark</li> </ul>
Themen der Lehrveranstaltung	The course aims to teach students both scientific foundations and practical aspects of business intelligence and data warehousing, and advanced data management technologies that go beyond traditional (relational) database management systems.  The students will learn the basic concepts of such systems and
	how to use them to solve concrete problems. Moreover, students will be trained to evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of



	such technologies in different application contexts.
Unterrichtsform	Frontal lectures and project work during the exercise hours. In the frontal lectures, the basic concepts are introduced and explained together with some examples. In the labs, the students will do a semester project, where selected techniques have to be applied to solve concrete problems.
Pflichtliteratur	There is no single textbook that covers the entire course. The course material is collected from various textbooks and research papers including the following ones (available as print and/or online versions through the unibz library):
	M. Golfarelli and S. Rizzi. Data Warehouse Design: Modern Principles and Methodologies. McGraw-Hill, 2009.
	R. Kimball and M. Ross. The Data Warehouse Toolkit: The Definitive Guide to Dimensional Modeling. 3rd Edition, O'Reilly, 2013.
	T. White. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide. 4th Edition, O'Reilly, 2015.
	H. Karau et al. Learning Spark. O'Reilly, 2015.
Weiterführende Literatur	Lecture Notes.
	Additional sources will be announced during the course.

## Kursmodul

Titel des Bestandteils der Lehrveranstaltung	Algorithms for Artificial Intelligence
Code der Lehrveranstaltung	73079B
Wissenschaftlich-	INF/01
disziplinärer Bereich	
Sprache	Englisch
Dozenten/Dozentinnen	Prof. Alessandro Artale,
	Alessandro.Artale@unibz.it

	https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/engineering/academic- staff/person/3026
Wissensch. Mitarbeiter/Mitarbeiterin	
Semester	Erstes Semester
KP	6
Verantwortliche/r Dozent/in	
Vorlesungsstunden	40
Laboratoriumsstunden	20
Stunden für individuelles Studium	90
Vorgesehene Sprechzeiten	
Inhaltsangabe	<ul> <li>Introduction to Algorithm complexity and basic Graph notions</li> <li>Algorithms on Graphs</li> <li>Net-Flow Algorithms</li> <li>Algorithms for numerical optimization: Linear Programming</li> <li>Fundamentals of computational complexity</li> <li>Heuristic and approximation strategies for solving hard problems</li> </ul>
Themen der Lehrveranstaltung	The course aims to provide students with the fundamental skills needed to develop algorithms using data structures, analyze their correctness and efficiency, and to understand the computational techniques used when looking for an optimal solution.  The students will be able to:  design programs that use computer resources efficiently;  being aware of optimization techniques;  realize that there are problems that are computationally impractical or even impossible to solve by a computer;  look for approximate solutions in case the problem is hard computationally.  Students will learn how to devise efficient algorithms for different kinds of problems. Students will be trained to apply different algorithmic strategies when problems to solve can be encoded by means of Graphs. When a problem asks for an optimal solution, the student will be able to use Net-Flow or Linear Programming

	techniques to solve them.
	Concerning the notions of computability and complexity, the
	students will acquire a formal tool to recognize when a problem is
	inherently complex, independently of any algorithm developed to
	solve the problem. Since many natural problems in computer
	science are hard, the development of methods to deal with
	intractable problems has become a crucial issue in the study of
	algorithms. Thus, the course presents various solutions to tackle
	inherently complex problems by either designing an exact
	algorithm or try to approximate the problem itself.
Unterrichtsform	Frontal lectures, exercises during the lab.
Pflichtliteratur	Algorithm Design. Jon Kleinberg and Éva Tardos. Pearson, 2005.
	Linear Programming and Network Flow. Mokhtar S. Bazaraa, John J. Jarvis and HanifD.Sherali. Wiley
Weiterführende Literatur	Lecture Notes.
	Additional sources will be announced during the course.