

Syllabus

Course Description

Course Title	Mathematics and Statistics for Data Science
Course Title	
Course Code	73065
Course Title Additional	
Scientific-Disciplinary Sector	MAT/06
Language	English
Degree Course	Master in Computing for Data Science
Other Degree Courses (Loaned)	
Lecturers	dr. Paola Lecca, Paola.Lecca@unibz.it https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/engineering/academic- staff/person/42241
Teaching Assistant	
Semester	First semester
Course Year/s	1
СР	6
Teaching Hours	40
Lab Hours	20
Individual Study Hours	90
Planned Office Hours	
Contents Summary	 ¿ Fundamentals of differential and integral calculus ¿ Fundamentals of linear algebra ¿ Probability theory ¿ Data distribution models and analysis ¿ Hypothesis tests ¿ Regression analysis and notes on causal inference
Course Topics	The course consists of two parts. 1) The first part of the course will cover the basic topics of probability, and will be preceded by a review of the concepts and



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	mathematical tools of linear algebra and mathematical analysis necessary to understand the concepts and solve the problems of probability and statistics. 2) In the second part the course will deal with the basic topics of statistics. The course aims to give a solid theoretical foundation of the concepts of probability and statistics and to provide the tools and methods for solving practical problems that probability theory and statistics can solve in their applications to data science.
	At the end of the course, the student will have
Keywords	 revised the foundations of mathematical calculus necessary to approach probability and statistics problems acquired the foundations of mathematical calculus, probability and statistics that will allow him/her to solve the most common problems of statistical data processing and interpretation that are common to many scientific fields such as computer science and software engineering, artificial intelligence, and data processing in numerous applications of these fields (e.g., biology, medicine and social sciences, etc.) acquired the ability to solve problems that frequently arise in data science, such as, but not limited to, calculating the probability of events, modelling events data using probability distributions, testing hypotheses and predictive modelling of data. Probability models; statistical data analysis; hypothesis testing; joint probabilities and correlation; causality; statistical data modelling.
Recommended Prerequisites	Although the basic concepts and calculation techniques of integral and differential calculus and linear algebra are reviewed at the beginning of the course, it is necessary for the student to be familiar with the fundamental methodologies, methods and definitions of calculus and linear algebra.
Propaedeutic Courses	
Teaching Format	Frontal lectures and exercises to be carried out during the laboratories.
Mandatory Attendance	Generally, attendance is not compulsory but recommended. Non-



	attending students must contact the lecturer at the start of the course to agree on the modalities of the independent study.
Specific Educational	Knowledge and understanding
Objectives and Learning	D1.1 - Knowledge of the key concepts and technologies of data
Outcomes	science disciplines
	D1.8 - Knowledge of the mathematical-statistical principles
	required for data analysis
	D1.11 - Knowledge of the main algorithms for data analysis, and of
	elements of the complexity theory
	Applying knowledge and understanding
	D2.1 - Practical application and evaluation of tools and techniques
	in the field of data science
	D2.2 - Ability to address and solve a problem using scientific
	methods
	D2.7 - Practical application of mathematical-statistical tools and
	methods from the field of data science
	Making judgements
	D3.2 - Ability to autonomously select the documentation (in the
	form of books, web, magazines, etc.) needed to keep up to date in a given sector
	Communication skills
	D4.1 - Ability to use English at an advanced level with particular
	reference to disciplinary terminology
	Learning skills
	D5.3 - Ability to deal with problems in a systematic and creative
	way and to appropriate problem solving techniques
Specific Educational	
Objectives and Learning	
Outcomes (additional info.)	
Assessment	Assessment is based on
	1) the evaluation of a written report on a theoretical topic
	assigned during the course
	2) the evaluation of the final written exam consisting of



	exercises.
Evaluation Criteria	Written review report: 50% of the final mark. This part assesses the objectives: D1.1, D1.8, D3.2, D4.1 and D5.3.
	Written exam: 50% of the final mark This part assesses the objectives: D2.1, D2.2, D2.7, D5.3.
	The examination is deemed passed if the student scores at least 18/30 on both the review report and the written examination.
	If a mark of 18/30 or higher is obtained in both parts (review reports and written exam) of the exams, the final mark will be calculated as the average of the two marks obtained.
Required Readings	The course includes topics from different disciplinary areas of mathematics that are unlikely to be contained in a single textbook. It is therefore advisable that the student follows the notes and the didactical material that the lecturer will make available at each lecture and laboratory.
	The notes provided during the course can be deepened by referring to textbooks, as, for example:
	Howie, John M., Real Analysis, Springer, 2001
	Maurits Kaptein , Edwin van den Heuvel, Statistics for Data Scientists. An Introduction to Probability, Statistics, and Data Analysis, Springer 2022
	Frederik Michel Dekking, Cornelis Kraaikamp, Hendrik Paul Lopuhaä, Ludolf Erwin Meester, A Modern Introduction to Probability and Statistics, Understanding Why and How, Springer 2005
	James, E. Gentle, Matrix Algebra: Theory, Computations and Applications in Statistics (Springer Texts in Statistics) 2nd ed. 2017.

	Subject Librarian: David Gebhardi, <u>David.Gebhardi@unibz.it</u>
Supplementary Readings	Suggested by the lecturer during the course if needed.
Further Information	Software used: The course does not include programming labs. However, example scripts in R (www.r-project.org) may be shown.
Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Quality education