

Syllabus

Kursbeschreibung

Titel der Lehrveranstaltung	Theorie der internationalen Beziehungen
Code der Lehrveranstaltung	27160
Zusätzlicher Titel der	
Lehrveranstaltung	
Wissenschaftlich-	GSPS-02/A
disziplinärer Bereich	
Sprache	Englisch
Studiengang	Bachelor in Ökonomie, Politik und Ethik
Andere Studiengänge (gem. Lehrveranstaltung)	
Dozenten/Dozentinnen	Prof. Roberto Farneti,
	Roberto.Farneti@unibz.it
	https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/economics-
	management/academic-staff/person/17315
Wissensch.	
Mitarbeiter/Mitarbeiterin	
Semester	Zweites Semester
Studienjahr/e	2/3
KP	6
Vorlesungsstunden	36
Laboratoriumsstunden	-
Stunden für individuelles	-
Studium	
Vorgesehene Sprechzeiten	18
Inhaltsangabe	The course engages with the main theories and discourses in the study of International Relations: Realism, Liberalism and Constructivism will be explained by illustrating the debates and2/3 discussions that animate the discipline. Globalization is the backdrop where international actors engage in a system of relations ranging from cooperation to conflict. The course will illustrate a number of dyads, like East-West and North-South, that

structure IRs, and will expand on such issues as national security, international and transnational institutions and global governance
The historical (and pre-historical) background; theories of world politics; structures and processes; international issues, globalization, and current challenges. The course begins by commenting on excerpts from Yuval Harari's book Sapiens: A Brief History of Humankind expanding on the origins of "early human institutions" and follows the development of IRs up to the emergence of sophisticated forms of political accountability in the international politics of the XXI c. One block of lectures engages with the main theories and discourses in the study of IRs. Globalization is the backdrop where international actors engage in a spectrum of relations ranging from cooperation to conflict. The
course will expand on such issues as national security, national self-determination, international and transnational institutions and NGOs, and global governance.
THEORIES: Realism – power politics, anarchy, state interests. Liberalism – cooperation, institutions, interdependence. Constructivism – norms, identity, social construction of world politics. CONCEPTS: Sovereignty – the state as the main actor in international relations. Power – both hard (military, economic) and soft (norms, ideas). Globalization – interconnectedness, transnational challenges, erosion of state-centric models.
None
None
18 two-hour lectures, normally offered twice a week, starting in March 2026. Instructor uses PowerPoint.
Recommended, but not mandatory
ILO (Intended Learning Outcomes) ILO 1 Knowledge and understanding
ILO 1.1 fundamentals of political science and understanding of the articulations of the discipline;

ILO 1.2 globalisation and the logic (and actors) of the international system.

ILO 2 Ability to apply knowledge and understanding ILO 2.1 ability to understand, analyse and identify political decision-making processes;

ILO 2.2 ability to understand the political logic of globalisation processes; this allows for the integration of strictly political knowledge with that learned in adjacent areas such as law and economics, which investigate the same processes from other perspectives;

ILO 2.3 ability to analyse a technical text using appropriate theoretical tools;

ILO 2.4 ability to produce a reasoned text on a political science topic

ILO 3 Making judgements

ILO 3.1 Acquisition of the capacity for judgement and methodological tools useful for the critical analysis of data, sources, assumptions and implications of scientific practice, and of the political, ethical and legal context within which economic phenomena are set and with which they interact

ILO 4 Communication skills

ILO 4.1 Proficiency (oral and written) in Italian, German and English, including translation between these languages.

Intercultural competence. Conceptual awareness, synthesis and written expression, particularly in the drafting of scientific or science-based documents

ILO 5 Learning skills

ILO 5.1 Promotion of critical thinking and analytical skills to focus on complex problems in their long-term dynamics and the variety of their implications, including ethical ones

Spezifisches Bildungsziel und erwartete

Lernergebnisse (zusätzliche Informationen)	
Art der Prüfung	1. Participation. Depending on how many students will be attending, format and participation will be discussed and agreed upon in week one. Attendance is not compulsory but in-class discussion of case studies by registered students will be appreciated [ILO4; ILO5].
	2. Midterm: A mid-term is tentatively scheduled for April 8 (maximum 3 extra points). Only students who attend regularly (e.g., 80% of classes) can enroll to the mid-term [ILO1; ILO2; ILO3; ILO5].
	3. 70-minute final exam: this is an in-class written exam combining multiple choice + short essay (max 350 words); further details about the structure of the exam and the composition of the grade will be given in a separate doc, made available in the 'file' folder of the course's Teams within week 5 [ILO1; ILO2; ILO3; ILO5].
	Note: non-attending students will be invited to meet with the instructor during office hours in order to learn how to cultivate the communication and learning skills (ILO4 & ILO5) that are normally acquired through consistent participation in the course.
Bewertungskriterien	See 'assessment' (instructor will circulate by week 3 of the course an extended, 4-page syllabus detailing the evaluation criteria)
Pflichtliteratur	John Baylis. Steve Smith and Patricia Owens, <i>The Globalization of World Politics</i> . 8th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2019. Y.N. Harari, <i>Sapiens: A Brief History of Humankind</i> (Penguin 2014) S. Rosato, "The Flawed Logic of Democratic Peace Theory." <i>The American Political Science Review</i> , Vol. 97, No. 4. (2003), pp. 585-602 W. Callahan, <i>Sensible Politics: Visualizing International Relations</i> (Oxford UP, 2020)
Weiterführende Literatur	
Weitere Informationen	
Ziele für nachhaltige Entwicklung (SDGs)	Geschlechter-Gleichheit, Frieden, Gerechtigkeit und starke Institutionen, Weniger Ungleichheiten